

Coal extraction data

Richard Heede
 Climate Mitigation Services
 File started: 11 January 2005
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British Coal Corporation, UK

yellow column indicates original reported units

www. location

Production / Extraction data

| Year | Lignite | | Thermal Coal | | Total Coal | |
|------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | Gross production | Gross production | Gross production | Gross production | Gross production | Gross production |
| | Million tons/yr | Million tonnes/yr | Million tons/yr | Million tonnes/yr | Million tons/yr | Million tonnes/yr |

- 146 1946
- 147 1947
- 148 1948
- 149 1949
- 150 1950
- 151 1951
- 152 1952
- 153 1953
- 154 1954
- 155 1955
- 156 1956
- 157 1957
- 158 1958
- 159 1959
- 160 1960
- 161 1961
- 162 1962
- 163 1963
- 164 1964
- 165 1965
- 166 1966
- 167 1967
- 168 1968
- 169 1969
- 170 1970
- 171 1971
- 172 1972
- 173 1973
- 174 1974
- 175 1975
- 176 1976
- 177 1977
- 178 1978
- 179 1979
- 180 1980
- 181 1981
- 182 1982
- 183 1983
- 184 1984
- 185 1985
- 186 1986
- 187 1987
- 188 1988
- 189 1989
- 190 1990
- 191 1991
- 192 1992
- 193 1993
- 194 1994
- 195 1995
- 196 1996
- 197 1997
- 198 1998
- 199 1999
- 200 2000
- 201 2001
- 202 2002
- 203 2003
- 204 2004
- 205 2005
- 206 2006
- 207 2007
- 208 2008
- 209 2009
- 210 2010

| | | | |
|---|--|-------|-------|
| UK coal industry nationalized and "vested" 1 January 1947 | | 200.0 | 200.0 |
| interpolated | | 206.5 | 206.5 |
| interpolated | | 213.1 | 213.1 |
| | | 219.6 | 219.6 |
| interpolated | | 220.7 | 220.7 |
| interpolated | | 221.8 | 221.8 |
| interpolated | | 223.0 | 223.0 |
| interpolated | | 224.1 | 224.1 |
| | | 225.2 | 225.2 |
| interpolated | | 219.5 | 219.5 |
| interpolated | | 213.8 | 213.8 |
| interpolated | | 208.1 | 208.1 |
| interpolated | | 202.4 | 202.4 |
| | | 196.7 | 196.7 |
| interpolated | | 194.5 | 194.5 |
| interpolated | | 192.3 | 192.3 |
| interpolated | | 190.1 | 190.1 |
| interpolated | | 187.9 | 187.9 |
| | | 185.7 | 185.7 |
| interpolated | | 177.5 | 177.5 |
| interpolated | | 169.3 | 169.3 |
| interpolated | | 161.1 | 161.1 |
| interpolated | | 152.9 | 152.9 |
| | | 144.7 | 144.7 |
| interpolated | | 140.9 | 140.9 |
| interpolated | | 137.1 | 137.1 |
| interpolated | | 133.4 | 133.4 |
| interpolated | | 129.6 | 129.6 |
| | | 125.8 | 125.8 |
| National Coal Board | | 120.8 | 120.8 |
| | | 120.9 | 120.9 |
| | | 119.9 | 119.9 |
| | | 123.3 | 123.3 |
| | | 126.6 | 126.6 |
| | | 124.3 | 124.3 |
| | | 120.9 | 120.9 |
| | | 105.3 | 105.3 |
| | | 42.7 | 42.7 |
| British Coal Corp | | 104.5 | 104.5 |
| | | 103.3 | 103.3 |
| | | 99.6 | 99.6 |
| | | 101.8 | 103.9 |
| | | 93.1 | 94.3 |
| | | 91.6 | 91.6 |
| | | 91.1 | 91.1 |
| | | 76.8 | 76.8 |
| | | 56.2 | 56.2 |
| | | 32.1 | 32.1 |

| Data from Alan Simpson, MP | |
|----------------------------|-------|
| 1976-77 | 119.9 |
| 1977-78 | 119.9 |
| 1978-79 | 119.0 |
| 1979-80 | 122.3 |
| 1980-81 | 125.5 |
| 1981-82 | 123.2 |
| 1982-83 | 119.6 |
| 1983-84 | 103.9 |
| 1984-85 | 41.2 |
| 1985-86 | 102.5 |
| 1986-87 | 101.3 |
| 1987-88 | 97.5 |
| 1988-89 | 101.8 |
| 1989-90 | 93.1 |
| 1990-91 | 89.3 |
| 1991-92 | 87.7 |
| 1992-93 | 76.8 |
| 1993-94 | 56.2 |
| 1994-95 | 32.1 |

Some production assets acquired by RJB Mining; see UK Coal

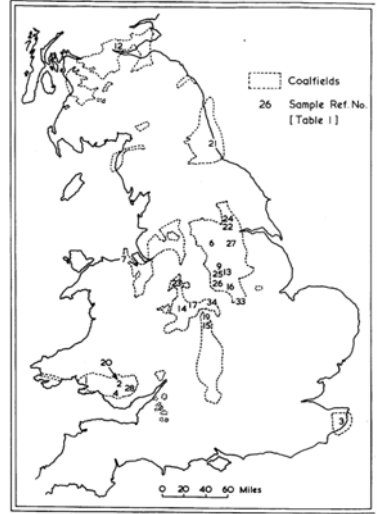


Figure 1 Geographical origin of the UK Coals in the Coal Bank

| COAL | Appendix No. | % C dmmf | % H dmmf | % O dmmf | % N dmmf | VM, % dmmf | Moisture, %ad |
|-----------------|--------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|------------|---------------|
| Cynheidre | 1A | 95.2 | 2.9 | 0.3 | 1 | 4.8 | 1.6 |
| Taff Merthyr | 2A | 92.4 | 4.2 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 13.4 | 0.8 |
| Tilmanstone | 3A | 92.4 | 4.5 | 0.9 | 1.45 | 17.2 | 0.7 |
| Deep Navigation | 4A | 92.2 | 4.1 | 1.5 | 1.43 | 12.7 | 0.8 |
| Cwm | 5A | 90.3 | 4.4 | 3 | 1.51 | 22.6 | 0.7 |
| Cwmbargoed | 6A | 88.5 | 4.9 | 4.2 | 1.56 | 29.8 | 1 |
| Coctonwood | 7A | 87.2 | 5.6 | 4.8 | 1.7 | 36 | 1 |
| Point of Ayr | 8A | 87.2 | 5.8 | 4.6 | 1.62 | 38 | 2.4 |
| Creswell | 9A | 86.2 | 5.2 | 5.6 | 1.91 | 36.8 | 2.5 |
| Goodehoop | 10A | 85.5 | 4.38 | 7.1 | 2.06 | 32.5 | 2.8 |
| Seaham Vane | 11A | 85.4 | 5.1 | 6.8 | 1.87 | 35.6 | 4.7 |
| Thoresby | 12A | 85.1 | 4.95 | 8.2 | 1.91 | 38.1 | 2.8 |
| Kellingley | 13A | 85.1 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 2.12 | 41.6 | 4.7 |
| Trentham | 14A | 84.8 | 5.1 | 7 | 1.86 | 37.3 | 4.5 |
| Pittsburgh No.8 | 15A | 84.6 | 5.06 | 7.6 | 1.67 | 36.5 | 1.4 |
| Gascoigne Wood | 16A | 84.5 | 4.9 | 7.7 | 1.83 | 38.7 | 3.8 |
| Koonfonteine | 17A | 84.5 | 5.2 | 8.8 | 2.07 | 32.2 | 3.8 |
| Thoresby | 18A | 84.3 | 4.6 | 7.9 | 1.83 | 38.7 | 4.9 |
| Hunter Valley | 19A | 84.2 | 5.49 | 9.2 | 1.86 | 36.3 | 3.2 |
| Ellington | 20A | 83.7 | 5.3 | 8 | 1.99 | 37.6 | 5.9 |
| Reitspruit | 21A | 83.6 | 4.7 | 9.2 | 1.68 | 36.9 | 3.7 |
| Ollerton | 22A | 83.5 | 5 | 8.3 | 1.85 | 38.7 | 6.1 |
| Bentnck | 23A | 83.1 | 5.1 | 8.5 | 1.83 | 37.6 | 5.8 |
| Yanowice | 24A | 83 | 4.6 | 10 | 1.62 | 39.3 | 3.8 |
| Longannet | 25A | 82.9 | 5 | 10 | 1.63 | 35.4 | 9.2 |
| La Jagua | 26A | 82.6 | 4.9 | 10 | 1.57 | 41.5 | 4.4 |
| Littleton | 27A | 82.5 | 5.7 | 8.9 | 1.68 | 38.4 | 5.5 |
| Asforby | 28A | 82.5 | 5.47 | 9.6 | 1.53 | 43.3 | 5.5 |
| Markham Main | 29A | 82.4 | 5.2 | 9.3 | 1.81 | 37.9 | 8.4 |
| Gedling | 30A | 81.6 | 5.2 | 10.3 | 1.7 | 39.4 | 10 |
| Daw Mill | 31A | 81.3 | 4.8 | 11.5 | 1.28 | 40.4 | 6.1 |
| Lea Hall | 32A | 81.1 | 5.8 | 10.2 | 1.63 | 40 | 8.6 |
| Kalim Prima | 33A | 80.7 | 6.2 | 10.6 | 1.85 | 46.1 | 4.6 |
| Baddesley | 34A | 80.4 | 5.7 | 10.9 | 1.37 | 42.5 | 6.5 |
| Nadins | 35A | 80.1 | 5.1 | 12 | 1.9 | 45.1 | 13.3 |
| Hambach | 36A | 67.5 | 4.4 | 27.2 | 0.03 | 53 | 18 |

The British Coal Utilisation Research Association
www.bcura.org/coalbank.html

| | | | | | | |
|--------------|---|--------------|---|--------------|---|--------------|
| Total | - | 1,833 | - | 7,275 | - | 7,275 |
|--------------|---|--------------|---|--------------|---|--------------|

| | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|---------|---------------|----|--|--|
| Coal Types: | Assume bituminous | 100.00% | Metallurgical | na | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|---------|---------------|----|--|--|

Cell: I9

Comment: Rick Heede:

The British Coal Corporation was a nationalised corporation in the United Kingdom responsible for the extraction of coal. It existed, in various forms, between 1946, with the passing of the Coal Industry Nationalisation Act, and 1997, when it was officially wound up. British Coal Collieries as of 1994[1]

British Coal was formed on 12 July 1946 as the National Coal Board (NCB), which was responsible for the organisation and running of coal extraction. It was under the responsibility of the Minister of Fuel & Power, who presented the Board's reports to Parliament.

The vesting date for nationalised coal was 1 January 1947 when the assets of approximately 800 private colliery companies, the Coal Commission, the service contracts held by the colliery companies, and all staff from the district selling schemes that operated in the United Kingdom were transferred to the NCB.

The NCB formed two holding companies in 1973 to handle non-core (deep and opencast mining) activities: NCB (Coal Products) Limited and NCB (Ancillaries) Limited. In 1987, the NCB became the British Coal Corporation.

With the passing of the Coal Industry Act in 1994 the industry-wide administrative functions of British Coal were transferred to a new Coal Authority. Its economic assets were privatised, the English mining operations being merged with RJB Mining to form UK Coal plc forming a monopoly exempted from EU competition laws. British Coal was therefore wound up on 26 January 1997.

Source: wikipedia, accessed November 2011.

Note: Carbon Majors includes UK Coal from 1995 to 2010.

Cell: D11

Comment: Rick Heede:

Coal production by coal mining companies and state-owned enterprises, including subsidiaries of oil and gas companies.

Coal types produced are not ordinarily reported by coal operators (except for metallurgical coal). We distinguish, where possible and reasonably well known, between hard (bituminous and subbituminous) and soft (lignite or peat) coals, especially for the larger companies operating in regions such as Australia and India where soft coals are predominant. Soft coals have lower carbon content per tonne than do hard coals.

Cell: H17

Comment: Rick Heede:

Production data for 1947, 1950, etc through 1991 from British Coal Corp (1989, 1992) Annual Report.

Cell: H45

Comment: Rick Heede:

Production data for 1947, 1950, etc through 1991 from British Coal Corp (1989, 1992) Annual Report.

Cell: D46

Comment: Rick Heede:

Reply to information request by Peter Roderick to House of Commons: Paul May, Parliamentary Researcher to Alan Simpson MP, House of Commons, London SW1A 0AA Tel: 0207 219 4534. 27 June 2006.

Alan Simpson: To ask the Secretary of State for Trade and Industry how much coal was produced by the (a) National Coal Board and (b) British Coal Corporation in each year since 1976. "The National Coal Board began trading under the name The British Coal Corporation in 1985-86 and from 1986-87 began producing consolidated accounts under that company name."

Cell: H58

Comment: Rick Heede:

British Coal Corporation Report and Accounts 1988/9, p. 6, shows total output of 103.5 million tonnes (85.0 Mt deep-mined, 16.8 Mt open-cast, and 1.7 Mt licensed mines). While BCC reports coal sales by type of consumer (eg, power stations, industry, coke ovens, domestic), it does not our knowledge report on the rank of coal mined. CMS assumes average thermal coal.

Cell: H59

Comment: Rick Heede:

British Coal Corporation Report and Accounts 1989/90, p. 10, shows production of 94.3 Mt. However, the 1990/91 report, p. 31, revises this figure for 1989/90 upwards to 95.2 million tonnes, and confirms 91.6 Mt in 1990/91.

Cell: D64

Comment: Rick Heede:

Reply to information request by Peter Roderick to House of Commons: Paul May, Parliamentary Researcher to Alan Simpson MP, House of Commons, London SW1A 0AA Tel: 0207 219 4534. 27 June 2006.

Note to 1994/1995: "Figure is for the nine months to end December 1994 at which point the mining assets of the Corporation were sold to the private sector."

Cell: O71

Comment: Rick Heede:

BCJURA: The Coal Bank was originally established in 1982 as the CRE Coal Bank. The intention being to supply universities and other research organisations with small quantities of representative UK deep mined coals. It now comprises 36 well characterised specimens, ranging from lignite to anthracite, and including both selected seam samples and commercial grades. In addition a small number of ex British Coal, coal liquefaction catalyst samples and a pitch sample are included in the Bank.